## DIGITAL NOTEBOOKS

## for Words Their Way Word Sorts Books



## Iree

## Llownload

* aligned to 3rd Edition


These word study notebook activity sheets are meant to be a companion to the following Words Their Way Resources:

Words Their Way: Within Word Patterns Spellers Spellers (Johnston, Invernizzi, Bear, and Templeton, $3^{\text {rd }}$ Edition) Words Their Way: Syllables and Affixes Spellers (Johnston, Invernizzi, Bear, and Templeton, $3^{\text {rd }}$ Edition)
Words Their Way: Derivational Relations Spellers (Johnston, Invernizzi, Bear, and Templeton, $3^{\text {rd }}$ Edition)

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Be sure that you are logged into the Google account where you want these files to reside. If needed, additional directions and tips for accessing and saving your digital notebook files can be found on pages 4-6.

You will need to click the links below to access the word study notebook for each level. When you click the links, it will request that you make a copy for your own drive.


## WITHIN WORD PATTERN SPELLERS GOOGLE DRIVE SAMPLE - CLICK HERE



## SYLLABLES AND AFFIXES SPELLERS GOOGLE DRIVE SAMPLE - CLICK HERE



## DERIVATIONAL RELATIONS SPELLERS GOOGLE DRIVE SAMPLE - CLICK HERE

## Accessing Your Digital Word Study Notebooks:

1. Be sure that you are logged into the Google account where you want these files to reside. Click the links in the table of contents found on page 6. You will be prompted to "Make a Copy."

## Google Drive

## Copy document

Would you like to make a copy of Within Word Unit 1 Short \& Long Vowel Sounds?
2. Once you click "Make a Copy," the file will open like below and will now be found in $\stackrel{\leftarrow}{\odot}$
your Google Drive ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ account. You may delete the "Copy of" in the title before sharing with students.

3. I highly recommend that prior to sharing and assigning each unit that you review the notebook sheets and decide which sheets students can/should attempt to complete independently and which you will go through as a group. You can note this in the margins of each notebook page by inserting a textbox and writing "SAVE FOR GROUP" or other directions that you see fit.

## Accessing Your Digital Word Study Notebooks:

4. To share the files with students who have access to Google Drive ${ }^{\text {TM }}$, you will want to ensure that students are forced to make a copy before working in the word study notebooks. You can do this two ways:

- OPTION 1: Make the file a "VIEW ONLY." Students will have to go to "File $\rightarrow$ Make a Copy." Students' copy of the resource will now say "Copy of..." Students can add their own name to the file (but keep the title of the file intact for easy searching/finding).

- OPTION 2: If you want to automatically force students to make a copy of the document as I have done in the links I've share with you, grab the shareable link for the document by clicking the blue "share button" and "Get shareable link." The shareable link will end in "edit?usp=sharing." You will want to change this to "copy."


While this method will take a few minutes to set up, you can save yourself time in the future by creating one Google ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ document with all of the unit links you have created and sharing that document with the students who are in the Within Word Pattern group.

## Sharing Your Digital Files through Google Classroom ${ }^{\text {TM }}$

To share with students:
$\checkmark$ If you haven't done so already, make a copy of your digital word study files when prompted (upon opening).
$\checkmark$ Find the file in your Google Drive ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ and rename it. I suggest using the words
$\checkmark$ Master Copy or Original in the file along with the title I have used for the file.
$\checkmark$ Go to the Google Classroom App or Website
$\checkmark$ Click the PLUS button to add an assignment once you are in the correct classroom.
$\checkmark$ Name the assignment and select which students you want to assign it to.
$\checkmark$ Change the settings from "Students can View" to "Make a Copy for Each Student"
$\checkmark$ Decide when the content will be delivered (schedule or immediately)
$\checkmark$ Have students access their Google Classroom to receive the assignment.

NOTE: Students on iPads must open Google Slides for this resource to work.


# DIGITAL NOTEBOOK 

## for Words Their Way

Word Sorts for Within Word Pattern Spellers
Short versus Long Review


## answer

keys

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> Short - $a$ and Long -a
> Yellow Sort I

Type each of your word study words in the appropriate chart. Then, tell whether the vowel sound is short or long.

| CVC words | Short or Long <br> Vowelsound? |
| :---: | :---: |
| cat | short |
| crab | short |
| map | short |
| hat | short |
| bat | short |
| bag | short |
| flag | short |
| man | short |


| VCC Word | Short or Long <br> Vowel Sound? |
| :---: | :---: |
| grass | short |


| VVC words | Short or Long <br> Vowel Sound? |
| :---: | :---: |
| rain | long |
| snail | long |
| chain | long |
| foot | short |


| Ce words | Short or Long <br> Vowellsound? |
| :---: | :---: |
| cake | long |
| skate | long |
| frame | long |
| shave | long |
| grapes | long |
| plate | long |
| game | long |
| rake | long |
| snake | long |

Place a circle around the ODDBALL that does not fit in with the words in Yellow Sort I. Type the word below.
foot

Why doesn't this word fit the sort?
"Foot" is an oddball in this sort because it does not have a long vowel sound, but it has the VVC spelling.

Name two ways to make the long - a sound based on the words in this sort. To make the long -a sound, you use an a in the middle of the word and a silent -e at the end. The other way of spelling the long -a sound is with the letters ai.

## More Practice with Long -a Yellow Sort I

Focusing your attention on the long vowel sound in each word, sort your words based on the way the long vowel sound is spelled You have been given a clue for the number of words that should be in each category.
-ane long -a words
cake
skate frame shave grapes plate game rake snake 9 words
-ai long -a words
rain
snail chain

3 words

Think of 4 other words that also have the long -a sound and type them here.
Student Answers Will Vary

Short - a versus Long - a in CVCe
Yellow Sort 7
Type each of your word study words in the appropriate chart. Then, tell whether the vowel sound is short or long.

| VCC words | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Short or Long } \\ \text { Vowel Sound? }\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| last | short |
| fast | short |
| ask | short |
| grass | short |
| vC words |  | \(\left.\begin{array}{c}Short or Long <br>

Vowel Sound?\end{array}\right]\)

List three nouns from this sort: glass; grass; hand; bat; sack; cat;
face; gate; name; page; rake; whale List three verbs from this sort:

| VCe words | Short or Long <br> Vowel Sound? |
| :---: | :---: |
| cake | long |
| make | long |
| face | long |
| same | long |
| gate | long |
| name | long |
| page | long |
| rake | long |
| came | long |
| whale | long |
| made | long |
| ODDBALLS | Short or Long <br> Vowel Sound? |
| what | short |
|  | short |

List one adjective from this sort: mad
snap; ask; make; rake;
List one adverb from this sort:
came; made $_{\text {; }}$ face fast; last (research last to see how it can fall in any category depending on how it is used in a sentence).

Yellow Sort 7
You have been given a beginning sound or blend for a word. For each sound listed, circle all the endings that create a word. Then, type the words that are formed on the line below.

| 1. 1 ask at ast) ass | $\begin{array}{\|ll} \text { 10. b ask at ast ass } \\ \text { ap (ck and (ad } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| last, lass, lap, lack, land | bask, bat, back, band, bad |
| 2. gl ask at ast ass ack and ad | II. c alike age ame ace |
| glass, gland, glad | cake, cage, came |
| 3. c ask at ast ass | 12. m ake age ame (ace |
| cask, cat, cast, cap | make, mace, made, male |
| 4. f ask at ast ass | $\begin{gathered} \text { 13. s ake age ame ace } \\ \text { (ate) ade (ale) } \end{gathered}$ |
| fat, fast, fad | sake, sage, same, sate, sale |
| 5. sn ask at ast ass | 14. g ake age ame ace |
| snap, snack | gage, game, gate, gale |
| 6. s ask at ast ass | 15. $n$ ake age ame ace |
| sat, sack, sand, sad, sass | name Nate |
| 7. gr ask at ast ass ack and ad | 16. p ake age ame (ce |
| grass | page, pace, pate, pale |
| 8. $h$ ask at ast ass | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 17. } r \quad \text { ake hae ame (ace) } \\ & \text { (ate) ade (ale) } \end{aligned}$ |
| hat, hast, hack, hand, had | rake, rage, race, rate |
| 9. $m$ ask at ast ass ack and ad | 18. wh ake age ame ace |
| mask, mast, mass, map, mad | wage whale |

## Short versus Long Review <br> Yellow Sort II

Type each of your word study words in the appropriate chart. Then, tell whether the vowel sound is short or long.

| CVC words | Short or Long Vowel Sound? | CVCe words | Short or Long Vowel Sound? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tap | short | tape | long |
| tub | short | pine | long |
| pin | short | cute | long |
| plan | short | made | long |
| cut | short | dime | long |
| not | short | tube | long |
| mad | short | plane | long |
| pal | short | note | long |
| dim | short | pale | long |
| cub | short | cube | long |

List three nouns from this sort:
tub; pin; plan; cut; pal; tape; pine; dime; tube; plane; note; cube; cub
List three verbs from this sort:
tap; pin; plan; cut; dim; tape; made; note List three words that could be used as a noun or verb:
cut; pin; plan; tape; pine; note

Missing Letters with SHORT \& LONG Vowel Sounds Review CVC and CVCe Yellow Sort II

Drag a vowel from the bottom of the page to complete each word. Then, type the completed words three times each below each fill-in-the blank.

| tap | plan $n$ | cute |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tap tap tap | plan plan plan | cute cute cute |
| cube | plan ne | cu $b$ |
| cube cube cube | plane plane plane | cub cub cub |
| tub | cut | p Line |
| tub tub tub | cut cut cut | pine pine pine |

Missing Letters with SHORT \& LONG Vowel Sounds Review CVC and CVCe Yellow Sort II

Drag a vowel from the bottom of the page to complete each word. Then, type the completed words three times each below each fill-in-the blank.


# DIGITAL NOTEBOOK 

## for Words Their Way WordSorts for

## syllables and Ceffixes Spellers



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## answer keys



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## Spelling Changes with Suffixes

 Green Sort 2A suffix is a word unit added to the end of a base word. When a suffix is added to a base word, sometimes we need to change the ending of the word before we can add the suffix Record all of your -ing words. Underine the base word and cirde the suffix Then describe any spelling changes that were necessary. If no spelling changes are needed, you may write "Do Nothing".

| Word | Description of <br> Spelling Changes |
| :--- | :--- |
| getting | Double consonant |
| skiping | Double consonant |
| swimming | Double consonant |
| yelling | Do Nothing |
| resting | Do Nothing |
| runn(ing | Double consonant |
| sitting | Double consonant |
| standing | Do Nothing |
| picking | Double consonant |
| shutting | Do Nothing |
| passing | Do Nothing |
| jumping |  |

What similarities do you notice in the words where adding -ing caused the last consonant to double? For short, one-syllable verbs, that end with CVC, we must double the last consonant and then add -ing
What similarities do you notice in the words where you were simply able to add -ing?
For short, one-syllable verbs, that end with VCC, just add -ing

Add -ing to the base words listed below. Be sure to modify the spelling of your words appropriately when adding -ing. Describe the changes to the spelling of the base word in the last column.

| Word | + ing | Description of <br> Spelling Change |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| drip | dripping | Double consonant |
| hunt | hunting | Do Nothing |
| tug | tugging | Double consonant |
| kick | kicking | Do Nothing |
| stir | stirring | Double consonant |
| mop | mopping | Double consonant |
| wink | winking | Do Nothing |
| quit | quitting | Double consonant |
| wish | wishing | Do Nothing |
| sob | sobbing | Double consonant |
| guess | guessing | Do Nothing |
| smell | smelling | Do Nothing |
| chop | chopping | Double consonant |
| drag | dragging | Double consonant |
| purr | purring | Do Nothing |

## Spelling Changes with Suffixes Green Sort 3

A suffix is a word unit added to the end of a base word. When a suffix is added to a base word, sometimes we need to change the ending of the word before we can add the suffix Record all of your -ing words. Underine the base word and cirde the suffix Then describe any spelling changes that were necessary. If no spelling changes are needed, you may write "Do Nothing"

| Word | Description of <br> Spelling Changes |
| :--- | :--- |
| us ng | e-drop |
| eatng | Do Nothing |
| writng | e-drop |
| dreamng | Do Nothing |
| lookng | Do Nothing |
| closng | e-drop |
| tradng | e-drop |
| cleanng | Do Nothing |
| moanng | Do Nothing |
| skatng | e-drop |
| warng | e-drop |
| mailng | Do Nothing |

What similarities do you notice in the words where adding -ing required the e to drop off? For verbs, that end with VCe, we must drop the e and then add -ing What similarities do you notice in the words where you were simply able to add -ing? For verbs, that end with VVC, just add -ing

Transfer -ing Suffix
To New Words Green Sort 3

Add -ing to the base words listed below. Be sure to modify the spelling of your words appropriately when adding -ing. Describe the changes to the spelling of the base word in the last column.

| Word | + ing | Description of <br> Spelling Change |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| ride | riding | e-drop |
| need | needing | Do Nothing |
| give | giving | e-drop |
| bake | baking | e-drop |
| peek | peeking | Do Nothing |
| smile | smiling | e-drop |
| vote | voting | e-drop |
| bloom | blooming | Do Nothing |
| scream | screaming | Do Nothing |
| joke | joking | e-drop |
| come | coming | e-drop |



A suffix is a word unit added to the end of a base word. When a suffix is added to a base word, sometimes we need to change the ending of the word before we can add the suffix. Record all of your -ing words. Underline the base word and circle the suffix. Then describe any spelling changes that were necessary. If no spelling changes are needed, you may write "Do Nothing."

| Word | Description of <br> Spelling Changes |
| :--- | :--- |
| grinn(ing | Double consonant |
| having | e-drop |
| cheering | Do Nothing |
| jogging | Double consonant |
| sharing | e-drop |
| talking | Do Nothing |
| pushing | Do Nothing |
| humming | Double consonant |
| working | Do Nothing |
| fixing | Do Nothing |
| going | Do Nothing |
| snowing | Do Nothing |

Review the 3 types of spelling changes that can happen when you add -ing to a word. Record those here:

## Double consonant e-drop

Transfer -ing Suffix
To New Words
Green Sort 4

Add-ing to the base words listed below. Be sure to modify the spelling of your words appropriately when adding -ing. Describe the changes to the spelling of the base word in the last column.

| Word | + ing | Description of <br> Spelling Change |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| slip | slipping | Double consonant |
| row | rowing | Do Nothing |
| sneeze | sneezing | e-drop |
| pout | pouting | Do Nothing |
| find | finding | Do Nothing |
| mix | mixing | Do Nothing |
| tap | tapping | Double consonant |
| blow | blowing | Do Nothing |
| cheer | cheering | Do Nothing |
| love | loving | Do Nothing |
| speed | speeding | Do Nothing |
| dress | dressing | Do Nothing |
| start | starting | Do Nothing |
| box | boxing | Do Nothing |
| draw | drawing | Do Nothing |
| win | winning | Double consonant |

Come up with -ing words for each letter of the alphabet. Underline the base word and circle the suffix Then describe any spelling changes that were necessary when -ing was added. If no spelling changes are needed, you may write "Do Nothing."

|  | word | Description of Spelling Change |  | -ing | Wor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b | asking | Nothing |  | word | Description of Spelling Change |
| b | begoind | Double |  |  |  |
| C | cleaning | Nothing | 0 | needing | Nothing |
| d | dressing | Nothing | O | opening | Nothing |
| e | eating | Nothing | p | pusting | Nothing |
| f | find (ing) | Nothing | q | quitting | Double |
| g | go ing | Nothing | $r$ | resting | Nothing |
| h | humm ing | Double | s | stopping | Double |
| i | ic (ing) | e-dro | $\dagger$ | taking | e-drop |
| j | jumping | Nothing | u | using) | e-drop |
| k | keeping | Nothin | $\checkmark$ | voting | e-drop |
| 1 | living | e-dro | W | working | Nothing |
| m | moving | e-dro | $x$ | xerox (ing | Nothing |
| Review <br> Green Sorts 2-4 |  |  | y | yel(ing | Nothing |
|  |  |  | Z | zooming | Nothing |
|  |  |  | Student Answers Will Vary |  |  |

# DIGITAL NOTEBOOK 

## for Words Their Way WordSorts for <br> LlerivationalRelations Spellers



Prefix Analyses (n- Assmation) Sue Sort \% $\%$

Addtoral Wards
Containing Prefix
Etymology


40 Pin? answer keys

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A suffix is a word unit added to the end of a base word. When a suffix is added to a base word, sometimes we need to change the ending of the word before we can add the suffix. Type all of your word study words. Underine the base word and circle the suffix Then describe any spelling changes that were necessary. If no spelling changes are needed, type "Do Nothing."

| Word | Description of <br> Spelling Changes |
| :--- | :--- |
| kinder | nothing |
| stranger | e-drop |
| clearer | nothing |
| quiefer | nothing |
| harser | nothing |
| kindest | nothing |
| strangest | e-drop |
| cleanest | nothing |
| guielest | nothing |
| harsest | nothing |

Spelling Analysis Blue Sort 1, pg 2

A suffix is a word unit added to the end of a base word. When a suffix is added to a base word, sometimes we need to change the ending of the word before we can add the suffix. Type all of your word study words. Underine the base word and circle the suffix Then describe any spelling changes that were necessary. If no spelling changes are needed, type "Do Nothing."

| Word | Description of <br> Spelling Changes |
| :--- | :--- |
| earler | $-\mathbf{y} \rightarrow-\mathbf{i}$ |
| emper | $-\mathbf{y} \rightarrow-\mathbf{i}$ |
| tricker | $-\mathbf{y} \rightarrow-\mathbf{i}$ |
| fanc(e) | $-\mathbf{y} \rightarrow-\mathbf{i}$ |
| crumm(er | $-\mathbf{y} \rightarrow-\mathbf{i}$ |
| murker | $-\mathbf{y} \rightarrow-\mathbf{i}$ |
| shiner | $-\mathbf{y} \rightarrow-\mathbf{i}$ |
| earest | $-\mathbf{y} \rightarrow-\mathbf{i}$ |
| emples | $-\mathbf{y} \rightarrow-\mathbf{i}$ |
| trickes | $-\mathbf{y} \rightarrow-\mathbf{i}$ |
| faneles | $-\mathbf{y} \rightarrow-\mathbf{i}$ |
| crummes. | $-\mathbf{y} \rightarrow-\mathbf{i}$ |
| murkes |  |
| shines |  |

A suffix is a word unit added to the end of a base word.
When a suffix is added to a base word, the grammatical function of the word usually changes. Type the base word and the part of speech for each of your word study words.
Then, type the word with the suffix and name its part of speech.

| Base Word | Part of <br> Speech | Word with <br> Suffic | Part of <br> Speech |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| kind $\longrightarrow$ adjective | kinder $\longrightarrow$ adjective |  |  |
| strange $\longrightarrow$ adjective | stranger $\longrightarrow$ adjective |  |  |
| clean $\longrightarrow$ adjective | cleane $\longrightarrow$ adjective |  |  |

A suffix is a word unit added to the end of a base word.

## -est words

When a suffix is added to a base word, the grammatical function of the word usually changes. Type the base word and the part of speech for each of your word study words.
Then, type the word with the suffix and name its part of speech.

| Base Word | Part of <br> Speech | Word with <br> Suffix | Part of <br> Speech |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| kind $\longrightarrow$ adjective | kindest $\longrightarrow$ adjective |  |  |
| strange $\longrightarrow$ adjective | strangest $\longrightarrow$ adjective |  |  |
| clean $\longrightarrow$ adjective | cleanes $\longrightarrow$ adjective |  |  |
| quiet $\longrightarrow$ adjective | quietest $\longrightarrow$ adjective |  |  |
| harsh $\longrightarrow$ adjective | harshest $\longrightarrow$ adjective |  |  |

How does adding -est to the end of a word change its part of speech?
Adding -est to the end of a word does not change its part of speech. The adjective turns into a comparative adjective.

Base Words and Suffixes

A suffix is a word unit added to the end of a base word. When a suffix is added to a base word, the grammatical function of the word usually changes. Type the base word and the part of speech for each of your word study words.
Then, type the word with the suffix and name its part of speech.

| Base Word | Part of Speech | Word with Suffix | Part of Speech |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| early | adjective | earlier | adjective |
| empt | adjective | emptier | adjective |
| tricky | adjective | trickier | adjective |
| fancy | adjective | fancier | adjective |
| crummy | adjective | crummier | adjective |
| murky | adjective | murkier | adjective |
| shinny | adjective | shinnier | adjective |
| How does adding -ier to the end of a word change its part of speech? <br> Adding -ier to the end of a word does not change its part of speech. The adjective turns into a comparative adjective. |  |  |  |

Base Words and Suffixes

A suffix is a word unit added to the end of a base word. When a suffix is added to a base word, the grammatical function of the word usually changes. Type the base word and the part of speech for each of your word study words.
Then, type the word with the suffix and name its part of speech.

| Base Word | Part of Speech | Word with Suffix | Part of Speech |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| early | $\rightarrow$ adjective | earliest | adjective |
| empty | $\rightarrow$ adjective | emptiest | adjective |
| tricky | adjective | trickiest | adjective |
| fancy | adjective | fanciest | adjective |
| cr | adjective | crummiest | adjective |
| murky | $\rightarrow$ adjective | murkiest | adjective |
| shinny | adjective | shinniest | adjective |
| How does adding -iest to the end of a word change its part of speech? |  |  |  |
| Adding -iest to the end of a word does not change its part of speech. The adjective turns into a comparative adjective. |  |  |  |

Try to come up with a word using -er, -est, -ier, -iest for each letter of the alphabet. Type the part of speech for each word.

|  | Word | Part of Speech |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a | angrier | adjective |
| b | braver | adjective |
| c | calmest | adjective |
| d | dirtier | adjective |
| e | easiest | adjective |
| f | fatter | adjective |
| g | greater | adjective |
| h | hotter | adjective |
| i | icier | adjective |
| j | juiciest | adjective |
| K | laziest | adjective |
| l | luckier | adjective |
| m | murkiest | adjective |

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text {-er, -est, } \\
& \text {-ier, -iest }
\end{aligned}
$$

|  | Word | Part of Speech |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| n | noisier | adjective |
| o | older | adjective |
| P | prettier | adjective |
| q | quieter | adjective |
| $r$ | rougher | adjective |
| S | stronger | adjective |
| $\dagger$ | taller | adjective |
| u | uglier | adjective |
| V | vastest | adjective |
| W | weaker | adjective |
| $\times$ | - |  |
| y | younger | adjective |
| Z | zaniest | adjective |
| udent Answers Will Vary |  |  |

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { WANT TO } \\
& \text { LEARN MORE } \\
& \text { ABOUT MY } \\
& \text { CLASSROOM } \\
& \text { WORD STUDY } \\
& \text { ROUTINE? }
\end{aligned}
$$

## My Classroom Word Study Routine

* I set aside 15-20 minutes for word study with the goal of having our word study block consistently 3-4 times a week.

Day 1 and Day 2: My students begin their individualized Words-TheirWay word study routine with my "blind" Word Search activity. Because I want students searching for word patterns and improving in their ability to recognize correctly spelled words-a major key to spelling growth—these word searches do not contain the word list. (Word searches for each Words Their Way Level can be found in my store. Be sure to purchase the $3^{\text {rd }}$ Edition if you are interested in adding these to your routines.) This routine activity is meant to be an engaging, fun way for students to discover their word study words. As students find words in the word search, they are required to record the words they have found, sorting them categories based on sound and/or look of the word, just as they do in other Words their Way sorting activities.
*At end of day two/beginning of day 3, you may give students their word study word list from Words Their Way: Within Word Pattern Spellers_to provide students with feedback on the words they have not yet found.

Day 3 and 4: Students work on the Word Study Notebook activities to build deeper understanding of word spellings and/or meanings. These sheets can also be completed in partners or during their "meet with the teacher" time. (You might specify how you want the activities completed prior to students beginning the set for each sort.)

Allowing students to work in partners at the beginning of a unit (say the first and second sorts in the unit) and then expecting students to complete later activities in the unit independently is another way you can provide extra support and scaffolding.

## My Classroom Word Study Routine

Day 5: Meet with Teacher: This meeting provides an opportunity to go over activities that students had difficulty with and to reinforce specific word study concepts based on the word list students are working on.

Day 6: Assessment: Call out words and take a "traditional" spelling test OR complete a "blind sort" spelling test (this means students cannot see the words but sort the words into categories as they record them). I love blind sort assessments because as I watch students categorize words, I see them actively thinking about spelling-erasing, moving words around, and correcting their spelling.

I cycle my students through a staggered word study routine. You can check out my rationale for staggering our schedule and a sample schedule on pages 6 and 7. Keep in mind that if sort activities require additional time or if my word study time is limited, I can have students cycle through the same routine twice for one sort. (Based on difficulty level and students' prior knowledge, some sorts may require an extra cycle while others may not.)

You may find these blog posts helpful, too!

| GROUP | Day 1 | Day 2 | Day 3 | Day 4 | Day 5 | Day 6 | Day 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LetterName Alphabetic Spellers (Red) | ESTART NEW <br> ROTATION meet w teacher and sort new words together | Word Search | Vocabulary Development Activity/ Program | Word Search Day 2 | Writer's Notebook Day | 2nd meet w teacher (assessment activities with teacher) | Spelling City |
| Syllables and Affixes Spellers (Green \#1) | Spelling City | meet w teacher | Vocabulary Development Activity/ Program | Blind <br> Assessment | Writer's Notebook Day | SSTART NEW ROTATION/ Word List Word Search | Word Search Day 2 |
| Within <br> Word Pattern Spellers (Yellow) | ESTART NEW ROTATION/ Word List Word Search | Word Search | Vocabulary Development Activity/ Program | meet w teacher | Writer's Notebook Day | Spelling City | Blind Assessment |
| Syllables and Affixes Spellers (Green \#2) | Blind <br> Assessment | ESTART NEW ROTATION/ Word List Word Search | Vocabulary Development Activity/ Program | Spelling City | Writer's Notebook Day | Word Search Day 2 | meet w teacher (a student leader can start the sharing of words they've found) |
| Derivational Relations Spellers (Blue) | ESTART NEW ROTATION/ Word List Word Search | Word Search, then writer's notebook if time | Vocabulary Development Activity/ Program | Derivational Relations Word Study Notebook Activities | Writer's Notebook Day | Derivational <br> Relations <br> Word Study <br> Notebook <br> Activities | meet w one another (teacher just checks in with group for questions) |

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